

Moral Re-Armament must go on for ever if we want to prevent mankind from plunging into final annihilation PRIME MINISTER U NU OF BURMA

speaking at Caux, 10 September

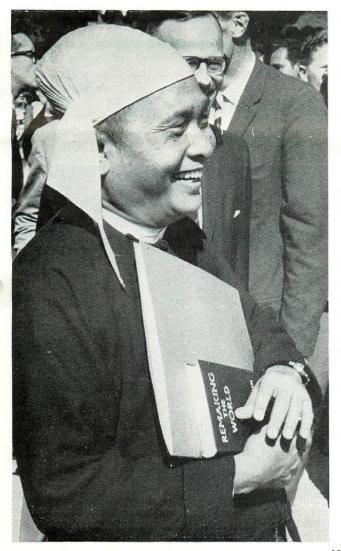
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A GREAT HOPE

PRIME MINISTER U NU FLIES TO CAUX AS CRISIS DEEPENS



As LEADERS of other non-aligned nations hurried from the Belgrade Conference to Moscow and Washington, Prime Minister U Nu of Burma flew to Caux. With him came the Burmese Ambassador to the United Nations and the First Secretary of the Burmese Foreign Office.

Following closely on the visit of former Prime Minister Kishi of Japan a week before, U Nu's arrival at the assembly underlined the importance that Asian statesmen attach to the acceleration of Moral Re-Armament's world-wide offensive to answer Communism, corruption and war.

U Nu addressed the assembly on 9 September. He paid tribute to Dr. Buchman whom he had known as a friend for many years. 'Surely in our times there has been no other person with such an infinite capacity for friendship and trust,' he said. 'He offered the hand of friendship and philosophy to nations tasting the bitterness of defeat as to those victorious, to newly independent nations of Asia and Africa as to the powers bewildered by the loss of their colonies.

'He had an heroic mission and a great hope and was therefore worthy to stand beside the Arthurian knight Sir Galahad, and say that his strength was as the strength of ten because his heart was pure.'

U Nu said that the twentieth century had been marked by great changes in the structure of human society. As material riches had grown, however, the spirit of mankind began to starve.

It was against this background—with the first World War that failed to teach men that material prosperity depended on spiritual freedom and where great powers forgot the consequences of war in a feverish armaments race—that the ideology of Moral Re-Armament was born. During the second World War, he went on, the men trained by Dr. Buchman had fought with courage but without bitterness in the cause of freedom. In the

AN IDEOLOGY THAT CHANGES MEN

RAJMOHAN GANDHI, grandson of the Mahatma, told the Caux Assembly that it was the task of the non-aligned nations to take to the Communist and non-Communist worlds the ideology of Moral Re-Armament that would change both and avert war. Gandhi was among ninety-four delegates from eight Asian nations at the assembly.

A GREAT HOPE—continued

terrible aftermath of war, Dr. Buchman had continued his work.

The Burmese Prime Minister said that while giving his message to statesmen, Dr. Buchman never failed to emphasize that the world is made up of individuals. 'He once said, "As I am, so is my nation." These words are worthy to be written in gold on the walls of parliaments. His philosophy should always be remembered by all leaders of men.

'Circumstances change, but absolute standards of morality—absolute honesty, purity, unselfishness and love—never change. Just as there can never be an excuse for individuals to depart from these standards, so there can never be an excuse for nations to do so.'

On the following day the Prime Minister told the assembly:

'Moral Re-Armament must go on for ever if we want to prevent mankind from plunging into final annihilation,' he declared. The Prime Minister said that he was looking forward to seeing his own play, *The Wages of Sin*, produced in Caux. He said that in the preface to this play he had written: 'If you want to stop Communism taking hold of the world you must deal with corruption, bribery, drink and womanising.'

U Nu concluded, 'If you want to change corrupt people you must be honest yourself. That is what impresses me very much at Caux. With this ideology you are bound to succeed.' 'The issue for the world,' continued Gandhi, ' is not Communism or war, but whether statesmen will undertake the Moral Re-Armament of the Communist and non-Communist worlds. The destiny of our Asian nations is not just to tell the West or the East where they are wrong. That in point of fact has changed nothing. We must go to Washington and Moscow with an ideology that changes men, that is the next step for the Communist and non-Communist alike.

'The two blocs have the same weakness. They cannot create the new type of man. Unless we change human nature we can never fulfil the aspirations of the millions in our countries. There is no knowing which bloc will be the first to take up this task.'

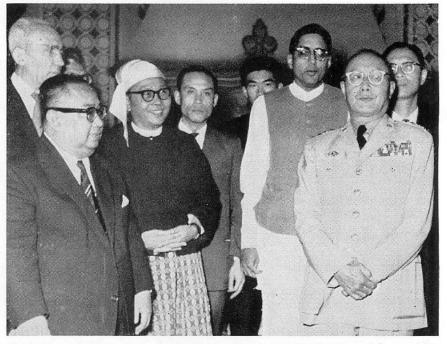
CHINESE APOLOGY

Another Asian leader at Caux was General Ho Ying-chin, former Prime Minister of China and war-time Commander-in-Chief of the five million-strong Chinese Army. General Ho is today Chairman of the Military Strategy Board of Taiwan.

General Ho said, 'I wish to apologise to Prime Minister U Nu for the invasion of his country by refugee Nationalist soldiers and the troubles they have given him.

'We lost China to Communism because we were ideologically blind and morally corrupt. We tried to co-operate with Communism for thirty years. Because we lacked a superior ideology, they used that time to infiltrate every level of government and society. We discovered the truth of a recent statement by Zhukov, head of Soviet Cultural Exchange, that "co-existence between ideologies is as nonsensical as fried snowballs."

Describing the civil war against the Communist armies, General Ho continued, 'We could destroy their



U Nu joins Asian delegates on the platform at Caux. Left, General Sansami, Iran, and Dr. Htin Aung, Burmese Ambassador to UN; Right, Rajmohan Gandhi, India, and General Ho Ying-chin, Free China.

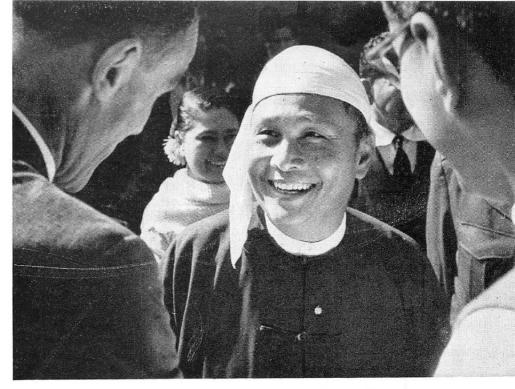
military force but not their ideology and burning passion. Millions followed the Nationalist Government but we did not give them an idea big enough to live and die for.

'Armed force alone cannot solve the crisis in the world. But with the ideology of MRA we can avert tragedy. Frank Buchman is the one statesman from the West who has given Asia an answer to Communism, corruption and division. For that I presented him with the Japanese sword of surrender given me in 1945 by the Commander of the Japanese forces.'

Introducing to U Nu the fifty young Chinese who have come for a year's training in MRA, General Ho continued, 'Because of the urgency of the world situation, I left my position to be available with these young men and women to fight for MRA anywhere in the world.

'The statesmen of the world must learn to use the trained ideological force of Moral Re-Armament. It is a weapon available to all men who love freedom and peace.'

Mlle. Truong Thu Anh, niece of President Diem of South Viet Nam, followed General Ho. She said,



' South Viet Nam today is engaged in a bloody battle. Girls like me are taking up guns and spears to save our nation. MRA gives us an idea in the head, an answer in the heart, as well as a gun in our hands, to defend our countries.'

GIVE EVERYTHING

Among those from every walk of

'THE DRAGON' INVITED TO LUCERNE

LUCERNE is to be the first European city visited by the Chinese ideological play, *The Dragon*. Written and acted by the 50 young Chinese from Taiwan now at Caux, *The Dragon* is a drama of the struggle of ideologies for the future of China.

Speaking at Caux, Dr. Edward Guebelin, internationally known jeweller and Swiss businessman, said, 'Lucerne will be a platform from which the light of Moral Re-Armament is thrown forth to all nations. As a Catholic city we have a special task and obligation to the Catholic nations, particularly Italy and Latin America. Lucerne will launch *The Dragon* on its way through Italy, Germany and Africa.'

He was joined by Dr. Hans Kor-

ner, President of the Catholic Conservative Party of Lucerne. Dr. Korner said, 'We in Switzerland must realise that the way we now live is not adequate to save us from certain destruction. A policy of neutrality must not prevent us as a nation from being in the front line of the battle for Moral Re-Armament.'

Colonel Fritz Gunther, of the General Staff of the Swiss Army and Commandant of the Swiss Army School of Weapons Engineering, stated, 'The army today must be in the forefront of the ideological war. Without an ideology an army is like a ship without a compass. Our battle is to preserve freedom at any price. In this ideological struggle neutrality of any sort is wrong.' life from Britain was Sir Hamilton Kerr, Conservative M.P. for Cambridge. Turning to U Nu, Sir Hamilton said, 'My countrymen have sometimes been arrogant and unjust. For this I sincerely apologise. We have tried to give you material aid. You can give us the spiritual wealth of your country and the East.'

The British parliamentarian said he had come to Caux because it provided the answer to the threat of global suicide. 'Frank Buchman believed that men and nations could change. Today his ideology is stronger than ever. My crest bears the motto "Give Everything". I am now going to make that true in my life.

NEW OFFENSIVE

'We are preparing a mass demonstration of Moral Re-Armament in the Royal Albert Hall, London, on 18 October. That demonstration will be a springboard of a new offensive for Britain and around the world.'

A British businessman, Leslie Mace, announced that a mobile film unit, the gift of 150 British businessmen, was being shipped to Rangoon to enable *The Crowning Experience* to be taken to all parts of Burma.

'CIVIL WAR WAS PREVENTED'

GENERAL HUGO BETHLEM, former Brazilian Ambassador to Bolivia and Pakistan, speaking at Caux on 8 September, described the factors that halted the recent crisis in his country.

Bethlem had just returned from Bonn where he met with Nobusuke Kishi, former Prime Minister of Japan, to thank him personally for what the Japanese students and their play, *The Tiger*, are doing with the Moral Re-Armament international force in Latin America.

'The fact that the crisis did not become a revolution is largely due to the work MRA did in Brazil.' General Bethlem said. 'The only part of the country that opposed the provisional government, the South, was the area that the force had not visited. The North-East, which is the tinder-box of revolution, was completely quiet despite constant Cuban calls for revolution. In this area, which has been the stronghold of Communism in Brazil, the peasants, workers and students responded wholeheartedly to the ideology MRA presented to vast audiences through the Japanese play, *The Tiger*.

'Open civil war was prevented because the Chiefs of the Navy, Army and Air Force remained united in their action. These men are convinced of the urgent need for MRA in Brazil. They provided the planes, the ships and trucks that took the MRA force throughout the country.'

General Bethlem introduced to the assembly students from the cities of Recife and Manaus in northern Brazil. The students in these cities have done much to train the peasants in Marxism and guerilla warfare. Bethlem said, 'Until the coming of The Tiger these men faced only two choices. One was a bloody revolution to capture the world for class. The only alternative was the terrible injustice, abandonment and indifference of the non-Communist world. Now they take part in a superior revolution. Only with absolute standards can we reconstruct a nation.'



Militant students in Brazil crowd round the MRA men to hear of a revolutionary alternative to Communism

PLAN TO SAVE DEMOCRACY

PERU

IN AN INTERVIEW with President Prado of Peru on 9 September, Saburo Chiba, a senior member of the Japanese Diet, told the President that a global plan and strategy was needed to counter Communism. Chiba referred to *The Tiger*, the Japanese play, and the international force of Moral Re-Armament now in Peru as the kind of ideological offensive and force that is urgently needed on every continent to stem the tide of Communism.

President Prado, who invited *The Tiger* and the MRA force to his country to 'save democracy in Peru,' told Chiba that he had 'ordered the military to give full backing to this force in Peru.'

Chiba, who had been for many years Chairman of the Public Security Committee of the Japanese government, said that out of this experience he had come to two conclusions on how to counter Communism: 1. To impact the masses with a better and more effective ideology. 2. A co-ordinated plan in which economic aid plays a part.

Chiba told the President that no national plan, however good, was adequate today because the thirteen Communist bloc countries are united in one global plan and strategy, while the eighty-two free nations have not yet reached a common mind and goal. 'In order to create a united force in the free world,' Chiba continued, 'we must create a united force of parliamentarians from every nation. This is already being done in Japan, Germany, France, Britain and America.'

Speaking over the National Radio, Chiba called for the parliamentarians of Peru to form a united front of Moral Re-Armament with the parliamentarians of Europe and America. The Hon. Castro Agusti of the Peruvian Chamber of Deputies accepted the challenge and said, 'I will actively and firmly co-operate with you in this task.'



General Marcel Carpentier

how few people in Europe with whom he had talked, seemed prepared to fight for Berlin. 'We go from one Munich to the next,' he said. 'How on that basis can we avert catastrophe? It is at this point that Moral Re-Armament comes into action.'

General Carpentier said that the nations which were determined to be nominally neutral were 'signing their own death warrant. There are not three ideologies,' he said. 'There is the true ideology of the free world —Moral Re-Armament—and there is Communism.

'Krushschev has said, "We are going to bury you." His threat applies not only to Western nations but to every nation. With all my strength I say there is no third choice.'

'WE CAN ACT IN TIME'

FIVE GENERALS from three continents announced their strategy for the expansion of Moral Re-Armament during the coming months. General Marcel Carpentier, Commander Allied Land Forces Central Europe, 1953-56, declared, 'We must act with leaders who can take the right measures in time.' He called for a 'strategy on all fronts-with the heads of nations and the masses of the people. We have the means and the plans. With these magnificent ideological weapons and films of MRA we can act in time."

Carpentier warned that the world was heading towards 'a new Munich'. He said that 'in two or three weeks from now we may find that Krushchev has already signed a peace treaty with East Germany.'

'No third choice'

Outlining the military posture of the West, the General predicted that in a war of conventional weapons over Berlin, 'The Russians could move in a few days to the Rhine and in a few more days to the West coast of Europe.' He was deeply disturbed GENERAL ANTOINE BÉTHOUART, Vice-Chairman of the NATO Parliamentary Assembly, who also addressed the conference, declared, 'We in Moral Re-Armament need to conquer the national, racial and social selfishness and materialism of the West as much as the dangerous materialism of Soviet Communism.'

Béthouart, who is a Senator representing Frenchmen overseas in the French Senate, paid tribute to Frank Buchman as ' the apostle of this ideology of Moral Re-Armament which will save our nations and the world.

'It is the battle of the spirit against materialism. It is to Frank Buchman's glory that he has known how to create a movement which unites all men who believe in a conscience and the moral values that are the basis of our civilisation.'

The senator said that there were two ways of tackling the problems in a world whose population was increasing at a frightening rate. 'We can liquidate people—the Communist solution. Or we can unite men at the heart of governments everywhere who will together solve their problems. That is MRA. And we must see that it triumphs.'

General Béthouart concluded by describing the 'considerable work' of Moral Re-Armament in Taiwan, Japan, Iran, Brazil, South Africa and the Congo. He said, 'This evidence gives us hope that as MRA grows in effectiveness we will be able to overcome barbarism and selfishness and create a world that works.'

The only solution

JOHN MCGOVERN, militant British Socialist, and for twenty-nine years Member of Parliament for Shettleston, Glasgow, told the assembly that Communism was preparing in Italy a crisis as grave as that now faced by the West in Berlin.

'The Communist Party will win power in Italy if there is a one per cent turn-over of votes at the next election,' he predicted.

'We are engaged in a tremendous ideological struggle. Men say it is being fought between the East and the West. But the West does not possess an ideology. It is being fought between Moral Re-Armament and Communism.'

McGovern said that the West without an ideology plays into the hands of Communism. He described Italian Premier Amintore Fanfani's recent visit to Moscow. 'Krushschev presented Fanfani with a programme that may well destroy him at the elections. He offered Italy money, trade and a treaty of friendship that would guarantee Italy being spared in any future war.

'Fanfani rejected the proposals. Today these proposals are being adopted by the Communists and the Nenni Socialists as their political platform. They may be popular enough to gain the Communists their one per cent margin.'

McGovern stated that politics offered no answer to this situation. 'The only solution is to bring a superior ideology to bear massively on the Italian people. If the free world wants to maintain democracy in Italy it will pour in the finances to take the plays and films of MRA throughout the country.'



Madame Kasavubu at Caux with, left to right, her eldest son; Major Tshatshi, Commander of the First Para-Commando Battalion; Cyrille Nzau, Director of President Kasavubu's office; Madame Mathie, and Commandant Boteti, Chief of Staff of the Second Army Group.

'TO KEEP THE CONGO FREE'

MADAME KASAVUBU, wife of the President of the Congo speaking to delegates from thirty-six nations at Caux, said, 'We put all our confidence in you. We hope you will help us to free the Congo from its difficulties. The work Dr. Buchman has created will continue to advance throughout the world.'

Madame Kasavubu has been attending the Assembly in a private capacity.

Adolphe Kasavubu, eldest son of the President, declared, 'If enough of my countrymen had been here in Caux the Congo today would be out of difficulty. This is the place we can find unity.'

Describing the recent reconciliation of the leaders of the warring Baluba and Lulua tribes before a mass meeting of 5,000 in Leopoldville, Kasavubu continued, 'We are in the midst of a battle. This reconciliation is a first great step. We must continue the fight. The next step will be to change the men who have recently joined the coalition Government.

'The Congo is at the centre of Africa. If the Congo goes Communist, all Africa will follow. It is not enough to give dollars to under-developed countries. You must win the hearts of the people. What we need is an ideology. That ideology is Moral Re-Armament.'

Speaking on behalf of the delegation, Mr. Cyrille Nzau, Chef de Cabinet of the President, said, 'What we have learned here is unforgettable. We have decided to play our part in the fight to keep the Congo free. It is my deepest wish that Moral Re-Armament shall permeate the whole world.' He was followed by Andre Luseko, Deputy Director of the Congolese National Radio. Luseko described the response across his country to the 483 broadcasts his radio has carried on Moral Re-Armament. 'Our listeners have followed these broadcasts in great detail. Many letters have told us to increase the time given to Moral Re-Armament on the air. Moral Re-Armament was the basis of the reconciliation between the Baluba and Lulua leaders at Leopoldville. I ask you to fight with us for true freedom for the Congolese.'

Major Joseph Tshatshi, Commander of the First Para-Commando Battalion of the Congolese National Army, said, 'You can count on the National Army to fight with you with everything we have to bring unity to the Congo and to the whole world.' He urged men to fight 'not just with their mouths but with their hearts, to free our country from the evils it is in—men who fight in such a way that they demonstrate the truth.'

He emphasised that 'it is because of the army that the country today has a spinal column' and promised that the army would be the vanguard of positive action in the Congo situation. 'I thank God for giving the world a man like Frank Buchman who has formed a team to remake nations,' the Major declared.

Commander Boteti, Chief of Staff of the Second Army Group of the Congolese National Army, said, 'We shall take the experience we have found at Caux back to the Congo. We are going to fight that the the army, which is the backbone of the country, will march with the right idea.'

TO BE FILMED

JOEL MCCREA, the Hollywood star, and Rickard Tegstrom, famed Swedish cameraman who photographed *The Crowning Experience*, will give their services to film the new play, *The Hurricane*.

Starring Muriel Smith, Broadway's original 'Carmen Jones', *The Hurricane* is set on a white settler's farm in the heart of Africa. It is a story of the violent struggle of ideas for supremacy in the hearts and minds of men. Lloyd Nolan, star of stage and screen, seeing it earlier this summer, described it as 'the greatest one-act play I have ever seen.'

Addressing a session of the Caux Assembly, Joel McCrea said, 'Since the war America has spent billions to buy the friendship of the world, and has failed to do so. A proportion of this amount made available to send these Moral Re-Armament plays and films to the world would win these friends, not buy them. These plays here are tremendous ideological weapons. I want to shake Hollywood awake to contribute its services to get these great weapons to the world. We must put *The Hurricane* on film immediately. Anything I can give to achieve this I give gladly. Now is the time to go all out to see this idea triumph.'

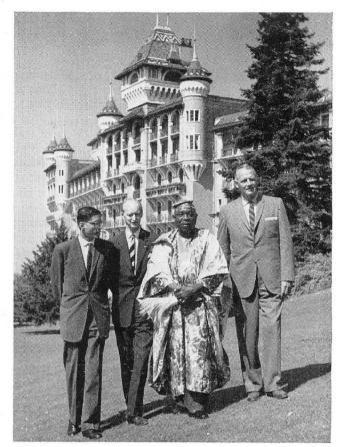
Tegstrom, often called 'The Rembrandt of the camera,' said, 'Dr. Frank Buchman understood the significant role of the medium of films much more than most men. He wanted *The Hurricane* to go to the world. That must now be done and I will stand behind the camera. Men of calibre and courage in Hollywood can make the motion picture industry the voice of America's rightful ideology for the world.'

'Will move mountains'

Joel McCrea introduced to the assembly Mrs. Anthony Quinn, wife of the internationally known actor and daughter of the late Cecil B. de Mille. Mrs. Quinn said, 'The most important thing that we in Hollywood must do is to take these plays and films of Moral Re-Armament to the world. They will move mountains.

'For years Hollywood has complained of the lack of box office success. This is not an economic or social problem, it is a moral one. Under the label of art we have given the world films that are licentious and immoral. Films that show a slice of life but do not have an answer are not worth showing.

'Here in Caux I have seen plays and films that have both reality and an answer. God gave to man a great responsibility when He gave him the ability to express himself in art. This is a tremendously powerful weapon. Moral Re-Armament uses it in the right way.'



The Odemo of Ishara at Caux with (left to right) Rajmohan Gandhi, James Dickson, Chamberlain to the King of Sweden, and Joel McCrea.

ACT NOW

HIS HIGHNESS, OBA AKISANYA, the Odemo of Ishara, addressed the Caux Assembly on 31 August. He said, 'Nigeria is in great need of people who will think less of themselves and more of their country. Unless I and other leaders are prepared to listen to God and to be guided by Him and allow Him to dominate our hearts, we will lose our freedom.'

Speaking of his friendship with Dr. Frank Buchman, the Odemo, who is the Chief Whip of the Western House of Chiefs in Nigeria, said, 'The best honour I can give to the glorious memory of Frank Buchman is to give my whole heart to the cause for which he lived and died.'

He deplored those who are 'afraid to speak out their convictions for fear of offending people for whom they have respect and from whom they expect favours.

'Favour from God is more valuable than anything man can give,' the Odemo continued. 'Expect help from God and not from any man.' He called on all present to 'act now—don't run away from the challenge.

'A difficult past may make the future seem uncertain. But for those who forget themselves and go all out, the way will be open to a new world.'

'THE CROWNING EXPERIENCE'

ALLENTOWN

ON 6 SEPTEMBER The Crowning Experience opened in Allentown, Pennsylvania, Dr. Buchman's home town. Among the distinguished guests was Saburo Chiba, senior member of the Japanese Diet, who spoke before the film. He called on the citizens of Allentown and of America to 'awaken ideologically and carry the banner forward for the free world.'

Mr. Chiba had flown from Europe to represent his country officially at the première. Representatives of the United Nations and the Diplomatic Corps came from New York and Washington as a mark of respect and tribute for Dr. Buchman's world leadership as an American.

'Dr. Buchman was a longtime friend and great benefactor of Japan,' Chiba said. 'At a time when Japan was confused he challenged us tobecome the lighthouse of Asia, not to think of our own nation but of all Asia. He gave us this vision and destiny sixteen years ago when no one else had any such concept for our nation.'

Chiba spoke of Buchman's invitation to a hundred Japanese youth leaders to come for training in MRA. 'There is no telling which way the Japanese youth would be going today had it not been for that most statesmanlike move,' Chiba declared.

'Frank Buchman Day'

Dr. S. Douglas Cornell, Executive Officer of the National Academy of Sciences, Washington, introducing the evening, said, 'Frank Buchman did more than any other person to carry America's rightful ideology to every country. He was the outstanding statesman of this age.'

Dr. Cornell read a letter from United States Congressman, Willard S. Curtin, representing the Allentown District, to the Mayor of Allentown congratulating him on his proclamation naming this day 'Frank Buchman Day.' Congressman Curtin wrote, 'We can be justly proud of this great man.'

Robert E. McLaughlin, who served as Commissioner for the district of Columbia during the last five years, spoke of the effect of *The Crowning Experience* ' on erupting racial tensions' in the nation's capital.

In Washington eighty thousand people saw *The Crowning Experience* as a play, when it broke the 123 year-old attendance record at the National Theatre in 1958. 'Washington is no longer a city of racial tension,' he said, ' and I give a great deal of credit for that to MRA.' He paid tribute to ' a work as important as this to the human race.'

SOUTH AFRICA

IN RECENT WEEKS *The Crowning Experience* has been showing in some of the crisis-points of South Africa.

Alice and Fort Beaufort, on the borders of the Ciskei, are the heart of African education. Here are situated the University College of Fort Hare, the Healdtown Institute and the Lovedale Institution. In recent months there have been student strikes in all these centres.

Students from Fort Hare and Lovedale overflowed a special matinee of the film in Alice Town Hall. The evening performance was packed by the staff of Lovedale and Fort Hare, among them the principals of both colleges, and other leading citizens—black and white sitting together. One teacher commented 'A nation that knows no God has got no future. A nation that turns down the ideas of MRA will know no peace.'

In Fort Beaufort the Mayor introduced the film to an audience of all races. The staff of Healdtown were well represented, among them the principals of the training college and the senior school.

The following week *The Crowning Experience* moved into Newclare, home of the Coloured people of Johannesburg. Next to it is the revolutionary Western Native Township.

The leaders of the coloured and African communities poured into the Reno Cinema and the crowds broke all records in the twenty years of the Manager's experience. One party motored forty miles from Sharpeville, scene of last year's shootings. They have asked to have *The Crowning Experience* in their own town.

Introducing the film together on the opening night was Advocate John Trengrove, former Treason Trial prosecutor, William Nkomo, founder and first President of the banned African National Congress Youth League and Coloured leader Gerald Lepan. Other speakers during the run included P. Q. Vundla, recently elected spokesman for the 600,000 Africans of Johannesburg and Miss June Chabaku, former member of the National Executive of the African National Congress Youth League.

PORTSMOUTH

SENIOR SERVICE OFFICERS and delegates to the Trade Union Congress were among the large audiences which saw *The Crowning Experience* in Portsmouth last week.

The Portsmouth Evening News, in its review of the film, said:

'It should—and will—go down as one of the really great films, not because of its colossal scenes, its stars—but because of its depth of meaning.

'The film is undoubtedly one of the most moving that has ever been screened. Its sincerity stands out even above the great individual performances of its stars.'